

Внимательно прочтите текст:

Pocket Money

British parents take money seriously. Children from the age of 5 or 6 are normally given weekly 'pocket money' – a few pence at first, increasing as they get older. Pocket money is often related to responsibilities about the house. 'Now you are old enough to help me, you are old enough to have some money of your own.' Pocket money is not considered to be a *payment* for work, but a *right*. And rights go with responsibilities. Few parents would use these serious sounding words, but if you ask them to explain why they are giving pocket money to their children, this will usually be the gist of their answer.

Teenage children are often given a clothing allowance. They must buy their own clothes, and budget accordingly. If they spend too much on a small jacket or a fashionable dress, they will have no money for shoes...They are being taught 'the value of money'. Children from the age of 13 often take part-time jobs to pay for CDs, electronic gadgets and so forth. Parents usually have mixed feelings. On the one hand, they like to see their children being resourceful and enterprising. On the other hand, they fear that school work will suffer. Teachers do protest that children are working too hard outside school and falling asleep in lessons. But among the majority of teenagers, *having* things is important: having the 'right' clothes, the most popular computer games, tickets for popular rock concerts. Things are available if you have money. They are not available if you don't.

Ответьте на следующие вопросы:

1. Do British parents 'pay' their children for some house work?
2. What teaches teenagers to value money?
3. Do parents and teachers favour working part-time?

Дайте расширенный ответ на следующий вопрос (120-150 слов):

4. Should teenagers earn their pocket money?

БЛОК 2. ВАРИАНТ 1.**2 А Выберите правильный ответ.**

1. He is a taxi driver, so he is accustomed to ... in the busy town center.

- a) drive b) driving c) have driven

2. She objects ... her younger sister so her parents can go out.

- a) to looking after b) to look after c) looking after

3. As well as at school, she is a fashion model.

- a) teach b) to have taught c) teaching

4. Marcia in dancing since she was a little girl.

- a) has been interested b) was interested c) is interested

5. "I really need a drink." – "OK, I ... you one. What would you like?"

- a) am buying b) will buy c) am going to buy

6. She missed the end of his speech because she ... asleep.

- a) fell b) was falling c) had fallen

7. Will you get my husband ... me as soon as he arrives at work?

- a) ring b) to ring c) ringing

8. I'd rather he ... me to my face rather than behind my back.

- a) criticized b) criticizing c) to criticize

9. Everyone knows what he did to her, ...?

- a) doesn't he b) don't you c) don't they

10. She is looking for ... suit.

- a) blue, dark, smart b) dark, smart, blue c) smart, dark, blue

2 Б. Составьте предложения.

1) used to/ attracting/ was/ a dog's bark/ behaviourists/ simply/ a way of/ Animal/ think/ attention/ that.

2) across/ dull/ very/ husband/ comes/ person/ as/ Emilie's/ a.

3) in the future/ predict/ Susan/ often/ accurately/ will/ what/ happen/ can.

4) travelling/ Australia/ We/ be/ definitely/ summer/ will/ around/ this.

5) services/ seriously/ have/ heavy/ Train/ the/ affected/ by/ snow/ already/ been.

БЛОК 3. ВАРИАНТ 3.**3 А. Выберите правильный вариант.**

1) I don't think people should be allowed to perform experiments animals.

- a) for b) to c) on

2) Let's face - we are destroying the environment.

- a) truth b) facts c) things

3) The distance from the Earth to the Sun is, average, about 149 million kilometers.

- a) on b) in c) by

4) It's amazing that creatures survive the bottom of the ocean.

- a) in b) by c) at

5) Fox Talbot the first photograph in 1835.

- a) did b) gave c) took

6) Researchers have to the conclusion that your personality is affected by your genes.

- a) come b) arrived c) reached

7) Do you mind if I just a quick phone call from here?

- a) do b) have c) make

8) Many lives were saved the introduction of antibiotics.

- a) at b) with c) in

9) The of the nuclear accident is still unknown.

- a) reason b) cause c) base

10). The telescope will photograph distant galaxies, an attempt to understand their past.

- a) with b) on c) in

3 Б. Закончите предложения, используя слова в рамке. Используйте каждое слово один раз.

- a) Jane tends to on my doorstep whenever I'm about to go out.
- b) We watched his train into the station.
- c) There was a long queue for the sales, but eventually we began to towards the shop entrance.
- d) The trainer told us to the horse slowly and quietly.
- e) Joanne was with a beautiful crystal vase when she left her department.
- f) I was to book the holiday immediately, but I thought I should check with my wife.
- g) The surgeon how the operation should be performed.
- h) We were our rooms by the owner of the hotel.
- i) If we build that hotel there, the ocean will be hidden from
- k) The kite rose into the sky until it was out of

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| approach |
| appear |
| draw |
| move |
| tempted |
| demonstrated |
| shown |
| presented |
| view |
| sight |